# THE PIPA/KNOWLEDGE NETWORKS POLL

# THE AMERICAN PUBLIC ON INTERNATIONAL ISSUES

### PIPA-Knowledge Networks Poll: Americans on Climate Change: 2005 Questionnaire

Dates of Survey: June 22–26, 2005 Margin of Error: +/- 3.5 % [full sample] Sample Size: 812 +/- 4.0 % [3/4 sample]

#### [Full Sample]

Q1. How much have you heard about global warming or climate change?

	6/05	6/04
A great deal	22%	15
Some	50	48
Not very much	20	28
Nothing at all	8	10
(No answer)	0	0
Contribution and	70	<i>(</i> 2
Great deal or some		63
Not very much or nothing at all	28	38

Q2. There is a controversy over what the countries of the world, including the US, should do about the problem of global warming. I'm going to read you three statements. Please tell me which statement comes closest to your own point of view. [ARO]

Until we are sure that global warming is really a problem, we should not take any steps that	6/05	6/04	10/98
would have economic costs	21%	23	15
The problem of global warming should be addressed, but its effects will be gradual, so we			
can deal with the problem gradually by taking steps that are low in cost	42	45	44
Global warming is a serious and pressing problem. We should begin taking steps now even if this			
involves significant costs	34	31	39
(No answer)	2	1	2

Q3. President Bush and the leaders of the other major developed countries will be meeting in Scotland, July 6-8 at what is called the G-8 Summit. One of the major topics for discussion will be climate change or global warming. Do you think that if the leaders of these other countries are willing to act to limit the greenhouse gases that cause climate change, President Bush should or should not be willing to act to limit such gases in the US?

Should be willing	86%
Should not be willing	
(No answer)	

#### [3/4 Sample]

Q4. At the G-8 Summit some countries may be willing to do more than other countries to limit their greenhouse gases. As compared to the other developed countries do you think the US should do:

More than average to limit its greenhouse gases	44%
About the average	50
Less than average	3
(No answer)	

Q4a. At present, do you think the US, compared to other developed countries does:

More than average to limit its greenhouse gases	24%
About the average	44
Less than average	27
(No answer)	

#### [Full Sample]

Q5. Just based on your impressions, do you think President Bush favors or opposes the U.S. participating in the Kyoto agreement to reduce global warming?

	6/05	9/04	10/02
Favors US participating	43%	42	48
Opposes US participating	43	48	42
(No answer)	14	11	11

Q6. Which of the following statements is closest to your own opinion?

	6/05	6/04	Cambridge Reports 9/94
a. There is a consensus among the great majority of scientists that global warming exists and could do significant damage	52%	43	28
b. There is a consensus among the great majority of scientists that global warming does not exist and therefore poses no significant threat	5	4	8
c. Scientists are divided on the existence of global warming and its impact	.39	50	58
(No answer)	4	4	6

Q7. Suppose there were a survey of scientists that found that an overwhelming majority have concluded that global warming is occurring and poses a significant threat. If this were the case, do you think the US should:

[3/4 Sample]

Q8. Which comes closer to your opinion?

			CBS/NYT
	6/05	6/04	11/97
a. Efforts in the United States to reduce the release			
of greenhouse gases will cost too much money and			
hurt the US economy	23%	29	20
b. The US economy will become more competitive			

because these efforts will result in more efficient

energy use, saving money in the long run71	67	67
(No answer)7	5	11

Q9. Based on what you know, do you think the U.S. should or should not participate in the Kyoto agreement to reduce global warming?

		PIPA	<b>CCFR</b>
	6/05	9/04	7/04
Should participate	73%	65	71
Should not participate	16	16	19
(No answer)	11	18	10

#### [3/4 Sample]

Q10. Here is a list of possible approaches to reducing greenhouse gas emissions that may contribute to climate change. For each one please say whether you favor or oppose it:

Q10a. Provide tax incentives to utility companies to encourage them to sell environmentally clean energy, such as solar and wind power, to consumers

			WWF
	6/05	6/04	8/97
Favor	81%	75	81
Oppose	16	21	15
(No answer)		3	5

Q10b. Give cash incentives like tax credits and rebates to individual households that upgrade to more energy efficient appliances like refrigerators and air conditioners.

			WWF	
	6/05	6/04	8/97	
Favor	81%	80%	85	
Oppose	16	17	12	
(No answer)		4	3	

Q10c. Would you favor or oppose requiring that by 2010, half of all new cars produced are hybrid-electric or some other type that is very fuel efficient?

	6/05	6/04
Favor	70%	71
Oppose	26	28

(No answer)......4

Q10d. Do you favor or oppose continuing the tax credit for purchasing a hybrid-electric car?

	6/05	6/04
Favor	77%	78
Oppose	19	20
(No answer)	4	2

## [Full Sample]

STATEMENT: As you may know, a bill to address the problem of climate change has been introduced in Congress by a Democratic and a Republican Senator. This bill would set specific limits on the amounts of carbon dioxide and other greenhouse gases that large companies can emit. This bill has gone through several drafts. The following questions talk about a draft that would require that by the year 2010, the US would reduce its emissions to what they were in the year 2000, and by 2020 to what they were in 1990.

Q11. Just based on what you know, do you favor or oppose having such limits on how much greenhouse gases large companies can emit?

	6/05	6/04
Favor	83%	81
Oppose	13	16
(No answer)		

Q12. According to an estimate done by MIT, cutting greenhouse gas emissions as much as this draft of the new bill would require will increase various costs to the average American household by about \$15 a month. Do you tend to feel that this estimate is:

	6/05	6/04
On the high side	28%	29
On the low side	27	31
Approximately correct	38	34
(No answer)	7	6

Q12a. If in fact it appears that it would likely cost \$15 a month for an average household, would you favor or oppose enacting such a bill to reduce greenhouse gas emissions?

	6/05	6/04
Favor	68%	67%
Oppose	28	30
(No answer)		4

# Q13-Q39: To be released separately

#### **DEMOGRAPHIC DATA:**

D1. In politics today, do you think of yourself as:

Republican	35%
Independent	27
Democrat	

D2. What is your religious preference? Do you consider yourself:

Christian	68.9%
Jewish	1.3
Muslim	0.5
Buddhist	0.8
Hindu	0.2
Agnostic	1 <b>.</b> 9
Atheist	1.1
No religious preference	17.1
Other religion	

# [IF "CHRISTIAN"]

D3a. Would you describe yourself as:

Protestant	43%*
Catholic	17
Mormon	1.5
Orthodox	1.5

# [IF "CHRISTIAN"]

D3b. Would you describe yourself as a 'born-again' or evangelical?

Yes	24% *
No	30
No opinion	14

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<sup>\*</sup> Percent of total

# [IF ANSWER "CHRISTIAN, JEWISH, MUSLIM, BUDDHIST, HINDU, OR OTHER RELIGION" IN QUESTION D3]

D4. How often do you attend church or attend religious services--at least once a week, almost every week, about once a month, seldom, or never?

	Once a week	%
	Almost every week9	
	About once a month	
	Seldom	
	Never6	)
D5. A	ge	
	18-29	%
	30-44	
	45-59	
	60+	?
D6. E	ducation	
	Less than high school16	%
	High school	
	Some college27	
	Bachelor's degree or higher	
D6. R	ace/Ethnicity	
	White, non-Hispanic70	)%
	Black, non-Hispanic	
	Other, non-Hispanic6	
	Hispanic	)
D7. G	ender	
	Male	0/
	Female 52	
D8. R	Region based on state of residence	
	Northeast	0/,
	Midwest	
	1.1.4	

South	36
West	23