Americans on Proposals in the 2022 Reconciliation Budget

September 9, 2021
Polling data available for 28 proposals in the budget reconciliation framework.

- 16 proposals tested using PPC’s in-depth survey method
- 3 proposals tested by Center for Deliberative Democracy

**Standard Polls From:**
- Morning Consult
- Pew Research Center
- Ipsos
- Kaiser Family Foundation
- NORC – U. of Chicago
- Chan School of Public Health, Harvard
- Marquette Law School Program on Climate Change Communication, Yale/ George Mason
### SUMMARY OF SUPPORT

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of Proposals Tested:</th>
<th>28</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>National Majority Support</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><em>including majority of Democrats &amp; Independents</em></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Republicans:</strong></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Majority Support</td>
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<td>Plurality Support</td>
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<tr>
<td>Majority Oppose</td>
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<tr>
<td>Plurality Oppose</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Variable or Roughly Divided</td>
<td>6</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
Allow the federal government to negotiate with drug companies to get lower prices, which would be used by both Medicare and private insurance companies.

Large bipartisan majority supports
Allow Government to Negotiate Drug Prices

Allow the federal government to negotiate with drug companies to get a lower price on medications that would apply to both Medicare and private insurance.

- National: 89
- Republicans: 84
- Democrats: 97
- Independents: 87

SOURCE: Kaiser Family Foundation, December 2020
Allow Government to Negotiate Drug Prices

National: 92
Republicans: 92
Democrats: 92
Independents: 92

SOURCE: Center for Deliberative Democracy, 2019
Expand Medicare coverage to include dental, vision and hearing.

Large bipartisan majority supports...
Expanding Medicare Coverage

Add dental, vision and hearing to Medicare

FAVOR

National: 84
Republicans: 79
Democrats: 89
Independents: 84

SOURCE: Morning Consult/Politico, June 2021
Lower the Medicare eligibility age to 60.

Large majority supports,
Plurality of Republicans
Lower the Medicare eligibility age to 60

***Source: Morning Consult/Politico, June 2021***

![Bar chart showing support for lowering the Medicare eligibility age to 60 by party affiliation.]

- National: 61% FAVOR, 38% OPPOSE
- Republicans: 49% FAVOR, 12% DK, 38% OPPOSE
- Democrats: 75% FAVOR
- Independents: 56% FAVOR
Increase the supply and affordability of home health care services, and increase wages and benefits for home health care workers.

A large bipartisan majority supports Republican plurality for low-income
Expanding home health services and support for direct care workers

SOURCE: Morning Consult/Politico, June 2021
To help Americans prepare for the costs of ongoing living assistance, provide funding for programs to allow more people with low incomes to receive long-term care in their own homes.

Expanding Home Health Services for Low-Income Households

FAVOR

National

63

Republicans

49

Neither: 34
Oppose: 17

Democrats

75

Independents

60

SOURCE: AP-NORC, March 2021
Fill the Medicaid gap, by providing health insurance to those who would be covered by Medicaid had their state expanded it.

Bipartisan majority supports
Filling the Medicaid Coverage Gap

Create a health coverage option for low-income people in states that have not expanded Medicaid

FAVOR

National 68

Republicans 53

Democrats 85

Independents 68

SOURCE: Morning Consult/Politico, June 2021
Extend the increased ACA subsidies which lowers premiums and deductibles.

Support varies
ACA Subsidies

Raise the income cut-off, so more middle-income buyers get subsidies

- National: 72
- Republicans: 51
- Democrats: 87
- Independents: 70

Increase subsidies for low-income buyers

- National: 60
- Republicans: 33 (27 in the middle, 40 oppose)
- Democrats: 82
- Independents: 55

SOURCE: Center for Deliberative Democracy, 2019
Provide tax credits for clean energy production and energy-efficiency improvements.

Large bipartisan majorities support
## Clean Energy Tax Credits

### For cost of clean energy producing equipment: up to 30%

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Party</th>
<th>Support</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>National</td>
<td>75</td>
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<tr>
<td>Republicans</td>
<td>58</td>
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<tr>
<td>Democrats</td>
<td>91</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Independents</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### For electricity produced with clean energy: 5-10% of the average retail price

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Party</th>
<th>Support</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>National</td>
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<tr>
<td>Republicans</td>
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<tr>
<td>Democrats</td>
<td>89</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Independents</td>
<td>71</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Source:** Program for Public Consultation, October 2020
## Tax Credits for Energy-Efficiency Improvements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>US</th>
<th>Republicans</th>
<th>Democrats</th>
<th>Source: Program for Public Consultation, October 2020</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>For new energy-efficient homes</td>
<td>79</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>88</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>For home energy-saving improvements</td>
<td>78</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>87</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>For energy-efficient heating or A/C</td>
<td>84</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>93</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For new energy-efficient commercial buildings</td>
<td>72</td>
<td>61</td>
<td>83</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Energy-saving improvements to commercial buildings</td>
<td>66</td>
<td>52</td>
<td>78</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Establish a Civilian Climate Corps that would work on conservation, climate resilience and environmental justice projects.

Large bipartisan majorities support similar proposal.
Re-establish the Civilian Conservation Corps, which would employ workers to protect natural ecosystems, plant trees in rural & urban areas, and restore soil on farmlands.

- National: 85
- Republicans: 74
- Democrats: 93
- Independents: 89

SOURCE: Yale University/George Mason University, December 2020
Implementing, or having ready to go in the event of an economic downturn, a community projects program dedicated to reclaiming land affected by pollution, improving energy efficiency, or renovating older public buildings, that would employ 750,000 people at a cost of $30 billion a year.

**SOURCE:** Program for Public Consultation, January 2017

**National**
- FAVOR: 80

**Republicans**
- 69

**Democrats**
- 92

**Independents**
- 78
Increase the supply of electric vehicles, in part through providing tax credits.

- Bipartisan majority supports for electric buses
- Large majority supports for electric cars
- Majority of Republicans oppose
Tax Credit for Electric Buses

Tax credit for manufacturers of fully electric buses, equal to 10% of the sales price of each bus sold

FAVOR

National: 69
Republicans: 52
Democrats: 84
Independents: 65

SOURCE: Program for Public Consultation, October 2020
For the purchase of a new electric car, a tax credit of up to $7,500

National: 63
Republicans: 43
Democrats: 80
Independents: 64

SOURCE: Program for Public Consultation, October 2020
For people making under $30,000, a tax credit of $5,000 for the purchase of a used electric car.

- National: 64
- Republicans: 42
- Democrats: 84
- Independents: 63

Source: Program for Public Consultation, October 2020
## Tax Credit for Used Electric Cars

For people making under $30,000, a tax credit of $5,000 for the purchase of a used electric car.

### FAVOR

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AGE</th>
<th>NATIONAL</th>
<th>GOP Favor</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
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<td>45-54</td>
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<tr>
<td>65+</td>
<td></td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### SOURCE

*Program for Public Consultation, October 2020*
Extend the Child Tax Credit reforms, which increased the amount of the credit, and made them fully refundable.

Majority supports;
Republicans divided or plurality support
Extending the Expanded Child Tax Credits for Four Years

FAVOR

National
57

Republicans
41
16
DK
43
OPPOSE

Democrats
73

Independents
53

SOURCE: Morning Consult/Politico, May 2021
Provide all workers with 12 weeks of family and medical leave

Majority supports

Republicans:
- Divided when by a new payroll tax
- Majority opposes when no specified funding
All workers would be allowed to take up to 12 weeks of family or medical leave. Workers on leave would receive from the Federal government, 2/3 of their earnings, up to a maximum of $4,000 a month. This proposal would be funded by a new 0.62% payroll tax split between employers and employees.

FAVOR

National 67
Republicans 48
Democrats 86
Independents 66

SOURCE: Program for Public Consultation, March 2021
All workers would be allowed to take up to 12 weeks of family or medical leave. Workers on leave would receive from the Federal government, 2/3 of their earnings, up to a maximum of $4,000 a month. The proposal is estimated to cost around $23 billion/year.

**FAVOR**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Group</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
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</thead>
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<tr>
<td>National</td>
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<tr>
<td>Republicans</td>
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<td>Democrats</td>
<td>82</td>
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<tr>
<td>Independents</td>
<td>55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Very Red</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Very Blue</td>
<td>72</td>
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**SOURCE:** Program for Public Consultation, August 2021
All workers would be allowed to take up to 12 weeks of family or medical leave. Workers on leave would receive from the Federal government, 2/3 of their earnings, up to a maximum of $4,000 a month. The proposal is estimated to cost around $23 billion/year.

### FAVOR

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<tr>
<th>RACE</th>
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<tr>
<td>Non-White</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AGE</th>
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<td>18-34</td>
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<td>55-64</td>
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<tr>
<td>65+</td>
<td>20</td>
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</table>

**SOURCE:** Program for Public Consultation, August 2021
Subsidize child care
• free for low-income parents
• middle-income families pay no more than 7% of income

Majority supports
Republicans:
• standard polling, plurality in favor;
• when briefed, evaluate pro/con arguments, majority opposes
Child Care Assistance

The federal government would provide funds to states that want it, to help parents cover some of the cost of childcare, so that low-income families do not pay for childcare and middle-income families spend no more than 7% of their income.

FAVOR

<table>
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<th>63</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Republicans</td>
<td>39</td>
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<tr>
<td>Democrats</td>
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<td>Independents</td>
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</table>

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS

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<thead>
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<th>Very Red</th>
<th>62</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Very Blue</td>
<td>79</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SOURCE: Program for Public Consultation, August 2021
Extend the additional summer SNAP benefits, of about $130/month, provided to low-income families with children.

Majority supports making permanent; Majority of Republicans oppose
Childhood Nutrition Assistance

Make permanent, during the summer months, up to $130/month worth of food to very low-income families with school-age children or children under age 6. This proposal would cost around $2.5 billion year.

FAVOR

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>National</th>
<th>Republicans</th>
<th>Democrats</th>
<th>Independents</th>
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<tr>
<td><strong>FAVOR</strong></td>
<td>66</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>85</td>
<td>67</td>
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</table>

**SOURCE:** Program for Public Consultation, August 2021
Childhood Nutrition Assistance

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FAVOR

<table>
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<tr>
<th>NATIONAL</th>
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<tr>
<td>GOP</td>
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<tbody>
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<td>55-64</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65+</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SOURCE: Program for Public Consultation, October 2020
FAMILIES & CHILDREN

PROPOSAL & SUMMARY

Fund the renovation and creation of new public housing; provide additional rental assistance.

Majority supports, and slight majority or plurality of Republicans
Increased Housing Options for Low-Income Americans

Include funding to increase housing options for low-income households in Biden administration’s infrastructure plan.

 Favor

- **National**: 70
- **Republicans**: 53
- **Democrats**: 87
- **Independents**: 68

**Source**: Morning Consult/Politico, March 2021
Provide funding to renovate and build new public K-12 schools.

Bipartisan majority supports
$100 billion to build and improve public schools, as part of President Biden’s infrastructure plan

SUPPORT

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Group</th>
<th>Support</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>National</td>
<td>72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Republicans</td>
<td>62</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Democrats</td>
<td>87</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Independents</td>
<td>63</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SOURCE: Morning Consult/Politico, April 2021
PROPOSAL & SUMMARY

Increase the size of the Pell Grant – higher education aid for low-income students.

Bipartisan majority supports
Increase the amount of the Pell Grant, so the maximum amount would increase from around $6,500 to around $8,300 a year. This proposal is estimated to cost around $8.5 billion/year.

**FAVOR**

- National: 70
- Republicans: 53
- Democrats: 88
- Independents: 64

**SOURCE:** Program for Public Consultation, August 2021
EDUCATION

PROPOSAL & SUMMARY

Provide free preschool programs to all 3- and 4-year-olds.

A majority supports. Republican views vary; between plurality in favor, plurality opposed.
Free Universal Preschool

Include free universal preschool for all 3- and 4- year-olds in the Biden administration’s $1.8 trillion economic spending plan.

FAVOR

National: 63

Republicans: 42 (12 DK, 46 Oppose)

Democrats: 83

Independents: 58

SOURCE: Morning Consult/Politico, May 2021
Free preschool programs, as part of the infrastructure package

 Favor

National: 67
Republicans: 47
Democrats: 83
Independents: 67

Neither: 22
Oppose: 30

Source: AP-NORC, July 2021
Provide two years of tuition-free community college.

Majority supports;
Less than half of Republicans
States that want to have tuition-free community college could apply for a federal government grant. The federal government would then supplement state spending in order to make community college tuition free for students. This proposal is estimated to cost around $11 billion/year.

**FAVOR**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>National</th>
<th>62</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Republicans</td>
<td>32</td>
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<tr>
<td>Democrats</td>
<td>89</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Independents</td>
<td>58</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12% assistance should be for all higher education.

**CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS**

| Very Red | 56 |
| Very Blue | 76 |
PROPOSAL & SUMMARY

Provide tuition assistance to students attending minority-serving higher education institutions.

Majorities or pluralities support; Majority of Republicans oppose
Tuition Assistance for Minority-Serving Higher Education

Include funding to provide two years of subsidized tuition for low- and middle-income students enrolled in minority-serving universities/colleges, in the Biden administration’s $1.8 trillion economic spending plan.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Party</th>
<th>National</th>
<th>Republicans</th>
<th>Democrats</th>
<th>Independents</th>
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<tr>
<td><strong>FAVOR</strong></td>
<td><strong>56</strong></td>
<td><strong>32</strong></td>
<td><strong>80</strong></td>
<td><strong>51</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>OPPOSE</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SOURCE:** Morning Consult/Politico, May 2021
Create a new long-term visa with path to citizenship; For undocumented immigrants: if clean criminal record, been in US for some time, and pay taxes they owe.

Bipartisan majority supports; Republicans if the requirements specified.
Create a new long-term visa with a potential for permanent residency and then citizenship after several years for undocumented immigrants who have a clean criminal record, have been in the US for some time, and have paid back any taxes they owe.

Path to Citizenship

FAVOR

- National: 75
- Republicans: 55
- Democrats: 92
- Independents: 72

SOURCE: Program for Public Consultation, November 2019
Increase funding for workforce development and job training in high-demand sectors.

Large bipartisan majorities support, specifically for cybersecurity and the energy industry.
Spending on Training for Cybersecurity & Energy Jobs

Increase the amount spent on job training programs in the:

Cybersecurity Industry

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>National</th>
<th>Republicans</th>
<th>Democrats</th>
<th>Independents</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>81</td>
<td>74</td>
<td>90</td>
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Energy Industry

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>National</th>
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<th>Independents</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>82</td>
<td>72</td>
<td>93</td>
<td>76</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SOURCE: Program for Public Consultation, May 2019
Expand the Registered Apprenticeship program.

Large bipartisan majority supports
Encourage employers to offer more extensive apprenticeship programs by offering them a tax credit up to $5,000 for each new apprentice.

**SOURCE:** Program for Public Consultation, May 2019
Raise the corporate tax rate to 28 percent.

Large majority supports Republican views are roughly divided
Tax rates on large businesses and corporations should be raised.

- National: 68%
- Republicans: 50%
- Democrats: 84%

SOURCE: Pew, September 2019
Raise income and capital gains tax rates on those earning over $400,000.

Large majority supports
Republicans agree wealthy should pay more, but support varies depending on context
The wealthiest Americans should pay higher taxes.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>AGREE</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>75</td>
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<table>
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<td></td>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>69</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

SOURCE: Morning Consult/Politico, April 2021
Taxing High Incomes for Infrastructure Improvements

Raise taxes on households making more than $400,000 a year to pay for infrastructure improvements

FAVOR

National: 64

Republicans: 40 NEITHER 20 OPPOSE

Democrats: 84

Independents: 59

SOURCE: AP-NORC, July 2021
Raise tax rates for income $200,000 to $500,000 back to the level they were before the 2017 tax reforms, generating $55 billion (budget exercise with deficit).

**RAISE**

- National: 64
- Republicans: 54
- Democrats: 74
- Independents: 62

**SOURCE:** Program for Public Consultation, May 2019
Taxes on Capital Gains & Dividends

Raise taxes on capital gains and dividends by treating them as ordinary income, for income above $1 million, generating $90 billion (budget exercise with deficit)

 Favor

National 75
Republicans 69
Democrats 80
Independents 73

SOURCE: Program for Public Consultation, May 2019
Increase the IRS’ tax enforcement, particularly on those making over $400,000.

Large majority supports
Slight majority of Republicans oppose
Increase IRS Enforcement Budget

Increase, by $8 billion a year, the IRS’ budget to help close the tax gap, by:
- increasing tax enforcement on very high-income individuals (income over $400,000)
- updating the technology used to detect tax evasion
- requiring banks and other financial companies to help the IRS verify tax filers’ information

It is estimated that this proposal would raise an extra $70 billion a year in revenue.

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**CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS**

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**SOURCE:** Program for Public Consultation, August 2021
Increase IRS Enforcement Budget

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SOURCE: Program for Public Consultation, August 2021
### SUMMARY OF SUPPORT

**Number of Proposals Tested:** 28

**National Majority Support**
*including majority of Democrats & Independents*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Republicans:</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Majority Support</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plurality Support</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Majority Oppose</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plurality Oppose</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Variable or Roughly Divided</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Thank You

To download the Americans on Proposals in the 2022 Reconciliation Budget report and slides from today’s presentation, visit:

www.publicconsultation.org/reconciliation